

兔抗 ZNF143 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 ZNF143 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-ZNF143 rabbit polyclonal antibody

级 别：SBF; STAF; pHZ-1

储 存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿 主：Rabbit

抗 原：ZNF143

相关类别：一抗

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

ZNF143 (zinc finger protein 143), also known as SBF, S TAF or pHZ-1, is a 626 amino acid protein that contains seven C2H2-type zinc fingers and belongs to the GLI (glioma-associated oncogene) C2H2-type zinc-finger family. Localized to the nucleus and expressed ubiquitously with highest expression in ovaries, ZNF143 functions as a transcriptional activator that, via its C2H2-type zinc domains, binds to the SPH motif found in the promoters of small nuclear RNAs (snRNA). Through its ability to bind the promoters of various snRNA genes, ZNF143 controls the subsequent expression of the corresponding protein products. ZNF143 expression is induced upon DNA damage, suggesting an important role for ZNF143 in DNA repair events.

Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	ZNF143
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human ZNF143
Full name:	zinc finger protein 143
Synonyms:	SBF; STAF; pHZ-1
SwissProt:	P52747
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human colorectal cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	10-50



